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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/577,694	05/22/2000	Anne Sorensen	Novo-029	3706
23650	7590 01/11/2005		EXAMINER	
NOVO NORDISK, INC. PATENT DEPARTMENT			HON, SOW FUN	
	100 COLLEGE ROAD WEST		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PRINCETON	I, NJ 08540		1772	
			DATE MAILED: 01/11/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/577,694	SORENSEN E	T AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sow-Fun Hon	1772				
The MAILING DATE of this communical Period for Reply	tion appears on the cover	sheet with the correspondence	address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 3 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical if the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) decreased in the period for reply is specified above, the maximum statuted Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. 7 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, howen the control of the contr	ever, may a reply be timely filed imum of thirty (30) days will be considered to SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of the percome ARANDONED (35 U.S.C. & 133)	ic communication			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed of	on 14 December 2004					
	☐ This action is non-fina	al				
,						
closed in accordance with the practice						
Disposition of Claims	•	,				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>63-76</u> is/are pending in the ap	olication					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are v		ation				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	Turner and Trom Corporation	20011.				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>63-76</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election requirer	nent.				
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the E	vaminer					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)		ected to by the Evaminor				
Applicant may not request that any objection		`				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the						
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			1 10 102.			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for	foreign priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage 						
			al Stage			
application from the International * See the attached detailed Office action fo	•	**				
occ the attached detailed Office action to	r a list of the certilled cop	Dies not received.				
Attachment(s)	🗂					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9)	4) ∐ li 948) F	nterview Summary (PTO-413) aper No(s)/Mail Date				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO	/SB/08) 5) 🔲 N	lotice of Informal Patent Application (P	TO-152)			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) 🗌 0	Other:				
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)	ffice Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail	Date 01052005			

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 10/18/04 has been entered.

Withdrawn Rejections

2. The rejections of claims 1-62 in the previous Office action have been withdrawn due to cancellation of said claims.

Claim Objections

3. The numbering of claims is not in accordance with 37 CFR 1.126 which requires the original numbering of the claims to be preserved throughout the prosecution. When new claims are presented, they must be numbered consecutively beginning with the number next following the highest numbered claims previously presented (whether entered or not). The second claim 66, or claim 66', should have been numbered claim 67.

Misnumbered claims 66'-75 been renumbered 67-76.

New Rejections

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action. Claims 66'-75 been renumbered 67-76.
- 5. Claims 63-75 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kasai (US 4,444,330).

Regarding claims 63, 67-68, 73, Kasai teaches a stopper which comprises an injection-mouldable blend of 30 to 90 weight % butyl based rubber and up to 30 weight % polyolefin (column 1, lines 45-55) which overlaps the combination of the claimed range of 70-90 % by weight of butyl rubber and 30-10 % by weight of polyolefin (claims 63, 73); and the narrower one of 75-87 % butyl based rubber and 13-25 % by weight of polyolefin (claim 67).

Kasai teaches that the polyolefin is polypropylene or polyethylene, added to improve mouldability (column 1, lines 60-65) (claim 68). Polypropylene and polyethylene are inherently not elastomers, as defined by Applicant's specification (page 5, lines 30-35 and page 8, lines 1-5).

Kasai teaches that the butyl rubber alone is subject to permanent set and cannot provide a stopper for hermetically sealing a medical container (column 2, lines 30-40) thus teaching that a stopper made from a combination of the butyl rubber and another component provides for a hermetically sealed container resulting in a reduced leakage of substances compared to a stopper made from butyl rubber alone.

Regarding claim 64-66, Kasai teaches that the butyl rubber is blended with up to 30 % polypropylene or polyethylene (column 1, lines 45-55), the blend is homogenized

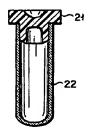
with heating (kneaded in mixer at 150 °C to 250 °C), and the stopper is injection moulded (column 3, lines 55-65). Injection moulding requires the blend to be fluid, thus injection moulding at 250 °C means that the thermoplastic polypropylene or polyethylene is in the melt. Hence the composition and process steps of stopper manufacture are similar to those described in Applicant's specification (page 2, lines 25-30). Therefore a hardness of 40-80 Shore A (claim 64), of 45-75 Shore A (claim 65), or of 65-75 Shore A (claim 66) is the result of routine experimentation by one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, in order to obtain the desired stopper performance.

Regarding claims 69-70, the butyl-based rubber is a halogenated one (column 1, lines 50-55) such as a bromobutyl rubber (column 2, line 65).

Regarding claim 71, the butyl-based rubber is at least partially crosslinked (column 1, lines 50-55).

Regarding claim 72, Fig. 5 below shows that the stopper 21 has a substantially circular cross-section.

F I G. 5



Regarding claims 73-74, Kasai teaches a medical container with non-flexible (hard) walls (column 1, lines 10-15). Fig. 5 above shows that the container 22 comprises a distal and a proximal end, and at least one wall defining an interior space for storing liquid blood (column 5, lines 40-50). The term "medical container" means that the

contents can be liquid medicament such as liquid infusion solution (column 1, lines 10-15).

Regarding claim 75, Kasai et al. provides an example of the process comprising mixing the butyl rubber and the thermoplastic polymer to form a stopper material, via heating (kneaded with a mixer) at 150 to 250 °C to pelletize them and then injection moulded at preferably 200 to 220 °C to form the stopper (column 3, lines 55-60). Since injection moulding is normally carried out at temperatures above the melting point of the injection moulding material, and the pelletizing stage above can use the same temperature range at which the injection molding is conducted (200 to 220 °C is within the pelletizing temperature range of 150 to 250 °C), the pelletizing stage conducts the three steps of heating the butyl based rubber, melting the thermoplastic polymer and homogenizing the material.

6. Claim 76 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kasai as applied to claims 63-74 above, and further in view of Rheude (US 2,507,680).

Kasai has been discussed above, and fails to teach a rod, or a rod moulded onto the stopper by the means of two-component injection moulding.

Rheude teaches a stopper for a container (bottle) which has a pusher rod 6 (column 2, lines 1-5). It can be see in Fig 3 that the pusher rod results in the stopper being completely inserted into the neck of the container.

Anyone who has tried to shove a rubber stopper into a bottle neck knows how difficult it is to push it in completely. Rheude has shown that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have attached a

pusher rod to the stopper of Kasai, in order to facilitate insertion of the stopper into the neck of the container.

It would then have been an obvious variation to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have moulded the rod of Rheude onto the stopper during the injection moulding step in the process of Kasai, which step would then have been termed two component injection moulding.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Sow-Fun Hon whose telephone number (571)272-1492. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday from 10:00 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon, can be reached on (571)272-1498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703)872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

S. Han.
Sow-Fun Hon
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